THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRI JAIRAM RAMESH): (a) The allocation of power from Central Generating Stations (CGSs) to the beneficiary States/UTs is made in the form of firm power and unallocated power. The firm power (85%), once allocated as per the existing guidelines, is not generally altered, unless power is surrendered by any of the beneficiaries. However, the unallocated power (15%), kept at the disposal of the Central Government, is reviewed and revised from time to time keeping in view the change in demand pattern, power supply positition, etc. The unallocated power being fixed and limited modifications are carried out through adjustment of allocation generally among the States/UTs in the region.

(b) and (c) The existing allocation of Madhya Pradesh from the Central Generating Stations comprise 1788 MW firm share, 216 MW (around 18.56%) power from the unallocated quota of CGSs of Western Region, 31 MW from the unallocatedal surrendered power of NTPC stations of Eastern Region, totalling 2035 MW. Further, Madhya Pradesh shall also get allocation from the Central Generating Stations programmed to be commissioned during the Eleventh Plan period in accordance with the existing guidelines.

Additional power generation

2913. SHRI AMIR ALAM KHAN: Will the Minister of POWER be pleased to state:

(a) the target set for generation of additional power during the Eleventh Five year Plan;

(b) the steps taken to achieve the target during the plan;

(c) the reasons for shortfall in achievement of target during 2007-08; and

(d) the measures taken to overcome the shortcomings identified, so far?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF POWER (SHRI JAIRAM RAMESH): (a) to (c) The targets for power generation are decided on a year to year basis. The target of power generation for the year 2008-09 has been fixed at 774.34 Billion Units.

The main reason fro marginal shortfall (0.8%) in achievement of generation target (710 Billion Units) for the year 2007-08 include shortage of gas for the gas based stations, less than anticipated achievement in the commissioning/commercial operation of new generating capacity and low generation in Nuclear Power Stations due to fuel constraints.

(d) The following measures have been taken/are being taken to address the shortfall in generation:

* Arranging procurement of Liquefied Natural Gas (LNG) through spot purchases to meet shortfall in gas supplies for gas based stations.
* Regorous monitoring of execution of power project for their timely commissioning.
* Interaction with the project authorities and equipment suppliers, such as BHEL, etc., for resolving the bottlenecks causing delays in the commissioning/achieving commercial operation of the new generating units.

Atrocities on Scheduled Castes

2914. SHRI PRAVEEN RASHTRAPAL: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) the details of atrocities on Scheduled Castes particularly during 2007, State-wise;

(b) whether the Ministry would agree that there is substantial rise in cases of atrocities on SCs in the rural area of the Northern India;

(c) if so, what actions were taken by the Ministry to help the victims; and

(d) what is the Status of special courts in Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Rajashan and Haryana?

THE MINISTER OF STATE IN THE MINISTRY OF SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT (SHRIMATI SUBBULAKSHMI JAGADEESAN) (a) The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Preventions of Atrocities) Act, 1989 is implemented by the concerned State Governments and Union Territory Administrations. As per available information, number of cases registered under the Act during the year 2006 is given in the enclosed Statement (*See* Below)

(b) No data is maintained specifically for rural areas by this Ministry.

(c) The State Government are addressed from time to time to implement the provisions of the Act in letter and spirit. They are also provided Central assistance mainly for strengthening of the enforcement and judicial machinery, incentive for inter caste marriages, awareness generation and relief and rehabilitation of the affected persons.

(d) In accordance with Section 14 the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989, the State Governments of Punjab, Uttar Pradesh, Rajasthan and Haryana for each district have specified a Court of Session as a Special Court to try the offences under the Act.

Statement

State/Union Territory wise number of cases registered under the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 during the year 2006.

Sl. No.	Name of the State/Union Territory	Number of cases registered under the Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 during the year 2006.
1	2	3
1.	Andhra Pradesh	4579
2.	Arunachal Pradesh	27
3.	Assam	526
4.	Bihar	2097
5.	Chhattisgarh	1027
6.	Goa	4
7.	Gujarat	1155
8.	Haryana	283
9.	Himachal Pradesh	107

1	2	3
10.	Jharkhand	620
11.	Karnataka	1918
12.	Kerala	439
13.	Madhya Pradesh	5711
14.	Maharashtra	1284
15.	Manipur	26
16.	Meghalaya	0
17.	Mizoram	0
18.	Nagaland	114
19.	Orissa	1502
20.	Punjab	184
21.	Rajasthan	4877
22.	Sikkim	2
23.	Tamil Nadu	931
24.	Tripura	23
25.	Uttar Pradesh	4838
26.	Uttarakhand	69
27.	West Begnal	20
28.	A & N Islands	17
29.	Chandigarh	2
30.	D & N Heveli	3
31.	Daman & Diu	1
32.	Delhi	21
33.	Lakshadweep	0
34.	Puducherry	0
	TOTAL	32407

The Scheduled Castes and the Scheduled Tribes (Prevention of Atrocities) Act, 1989 does not extend to the State of Jammu and Kashmir.

Mandal Commission's recommendations

†2915. SHRI ALI ANWAR ANSARI: Will the Minister of SOCIAL JUSTICE AND EMPOWERMENT be pleased to state:

(a) whether it is a fact that all the recommendations of the Mandal Commision have not been implemented so far by the Central Government; and

† Original notice of the question was received in Hindi.